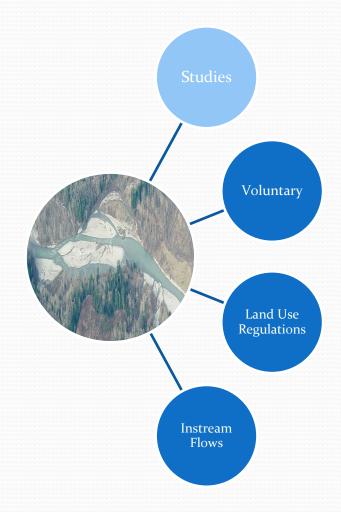
US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

Current South Fork Restoration Strategies

Treva Coe Nooksack Tribe

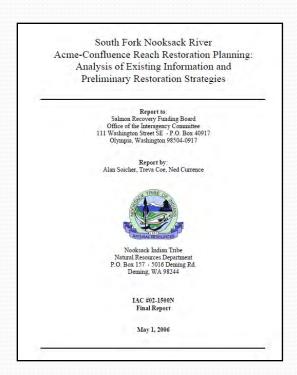
RESTORATI	ON STRATEGIES: SF	Reaches			
		1.8 3.7 5.1 7.2 8.6 9.6 10.9 12.8 14.3 16.1 18 20.6 22 25.4 31			
	Log jams to form deep pools: cool-water areas				
	Log jams to form deep pools: other areas				
	Replace riprap with wood bank structures				
	Reconnect and restore side-channels				
	Setback or remove riprap embankments				
	Lower artificial levees to native elevations				
South Fork	Relocate infrastructure outside EHA				
	Reforest HMZ and 300' buffer				
	Remove invasive species				
	Reconnect floodplain channels				
	Large wood placement in floodplain channels				
	Riparian restoration along floodplain channels				
	Acquire properties necessary for restoration				
	Acquire properties at risk of degradation				
	Restore riparian areas				
Early chinook	Restore habitat (diversity, stability)				
tribs	Restore fish passage				
11.130	Acquire properties at risk of degradation				
Watershed	Assess, treat orphaned roads				
watersned	Address chronic sediment sources				

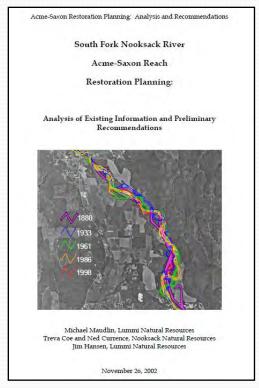
Habitat Restoration in the SF

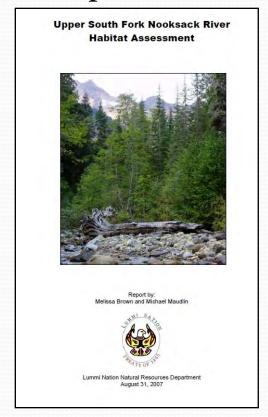


Studies/Other Information

Detailed habitat assessments/restoration plans

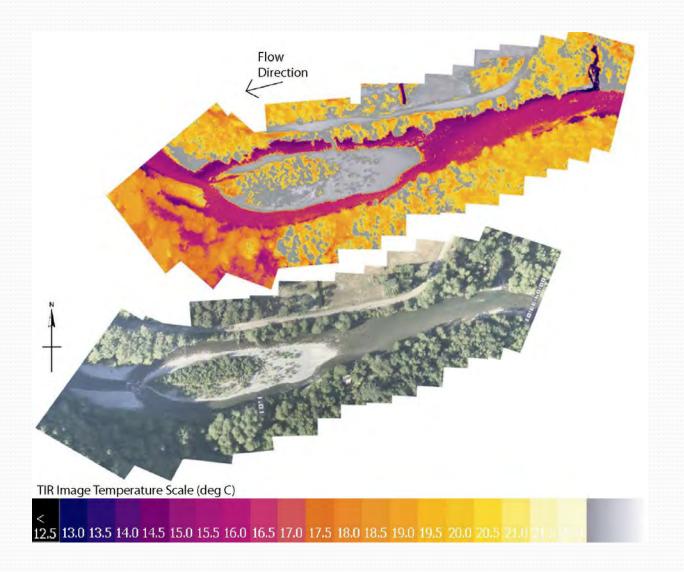


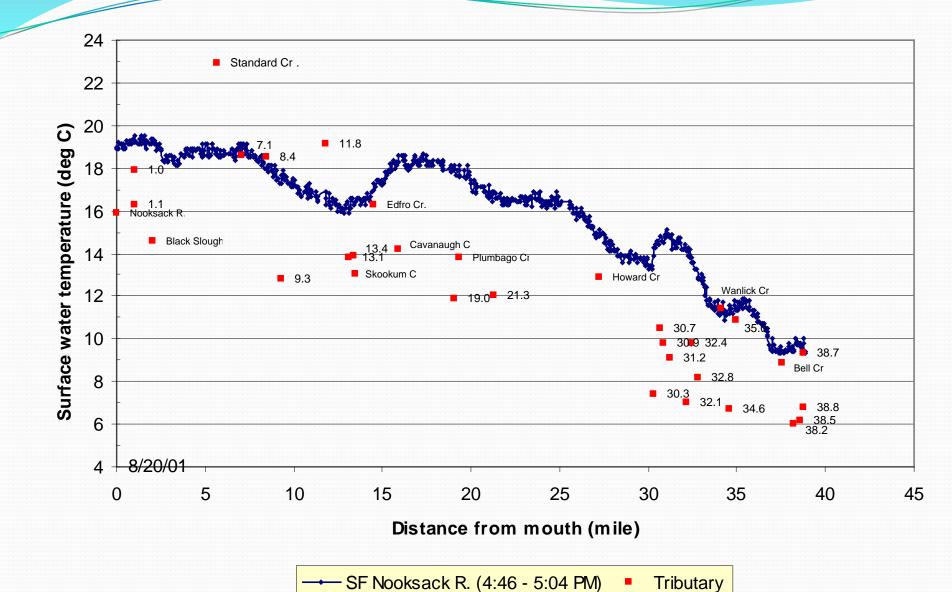




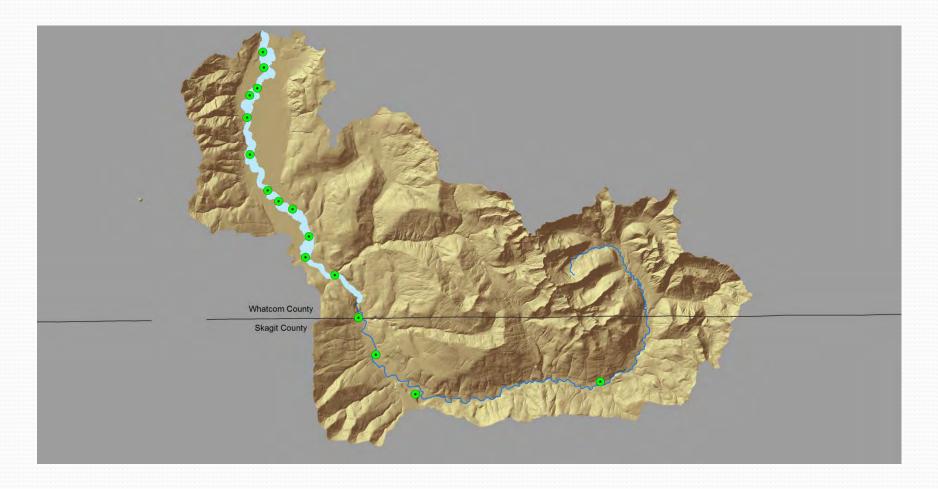
Studies/Other Information

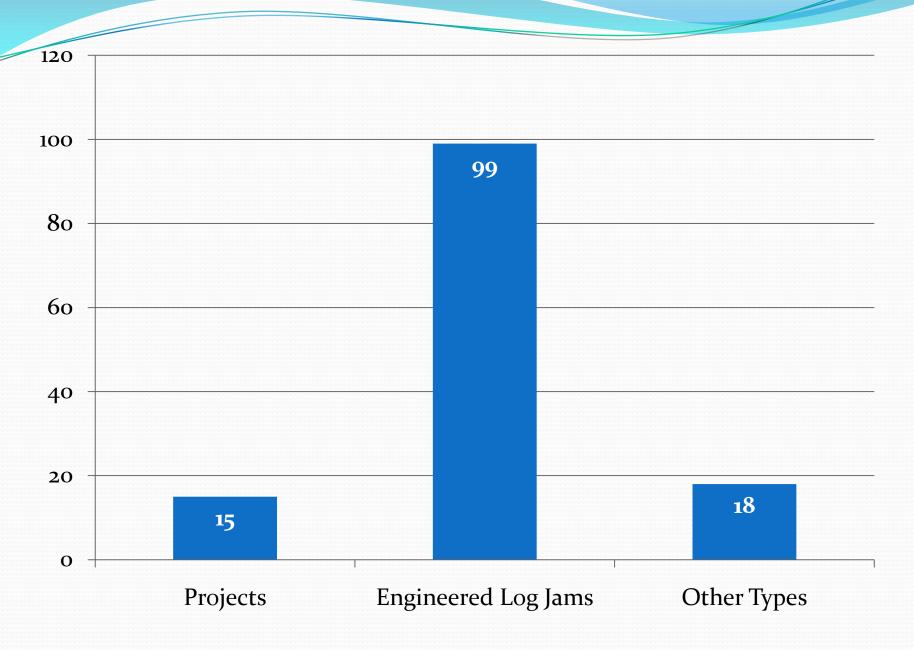
- Salmonid Use
 - Spawner surveys
 - Juvenile broodstock collection, limited snorkel surveys
- Temperature
 - FLIR: 2001
 - Ongoing temperature status and trends monitoring
- GIS
 - Habitat surveys
 - Historic channels and floodplain: ~1880, 1910, 1938+
 - LiDAR: 2006/2009; 2013 (+ earlier photogrammetry)
 - Land Use/Land Cover
 - CMZ components: HMZ, EHA, AHZ
 - 100-year Floodplain
 - Landslides, slope stability
- USGS Groundwater Study (in progress)
- SF Temperature TMDL (in progress)





Voluntary: Instream Projects





Objectives

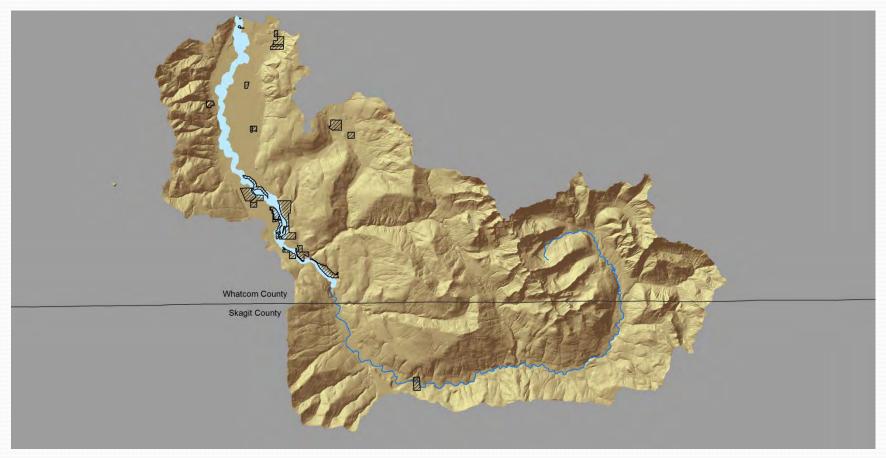
- General
 - Pool formation (esp primary pools)
 - Increase complex woody cover
 - Create temperature refuges
- Project-specific
 - Stabilize (i.e. isolate channel from) landslides
 - Sort gravel
 - Increase side channel length
 - Bank stabilization



Fobes Cr. project Coe: Current SF Strategies

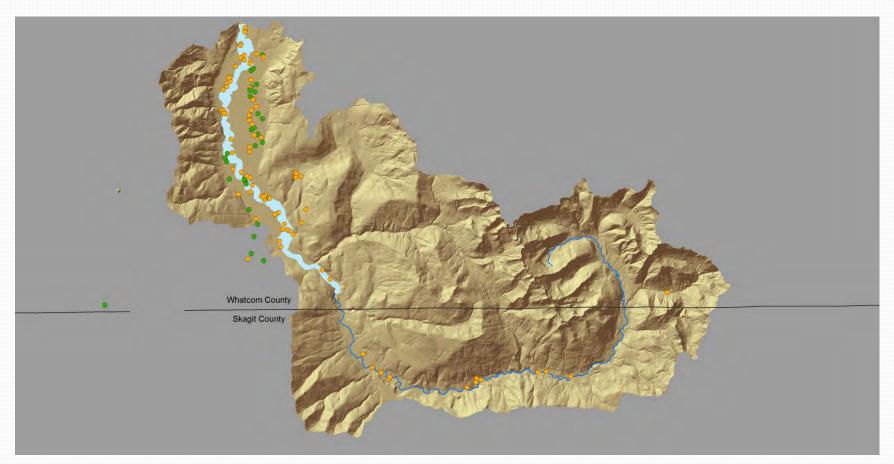
Source: Lummi Natural Resources

Voluntary: Acquisition



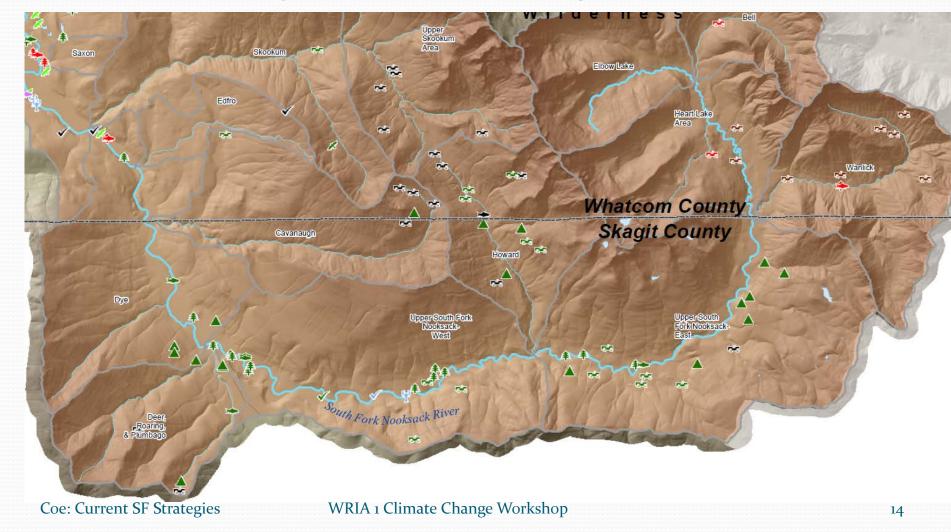
Source: Whatcom Land Trust

Voluntary: Riparian

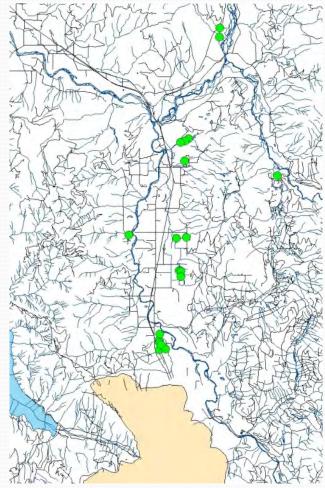


Source: Whatcom Conservation District

Voluntary: Road Projects

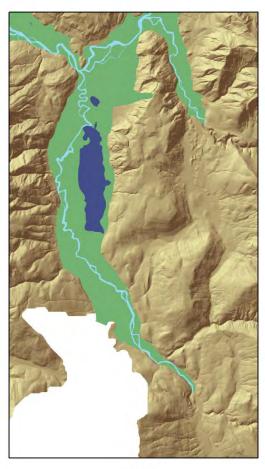


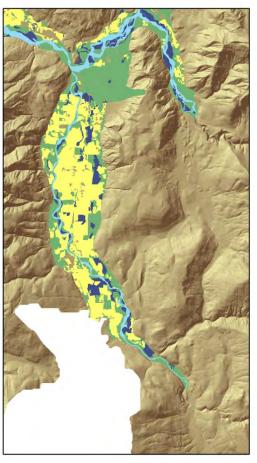
Voluntary: Fish Passage



Source: NSEA

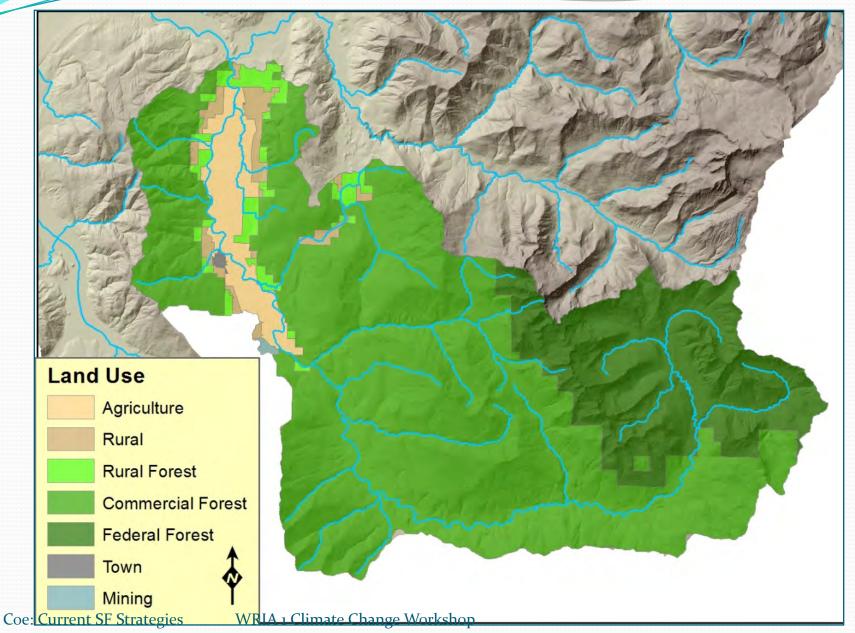
Voluntary: Wetland



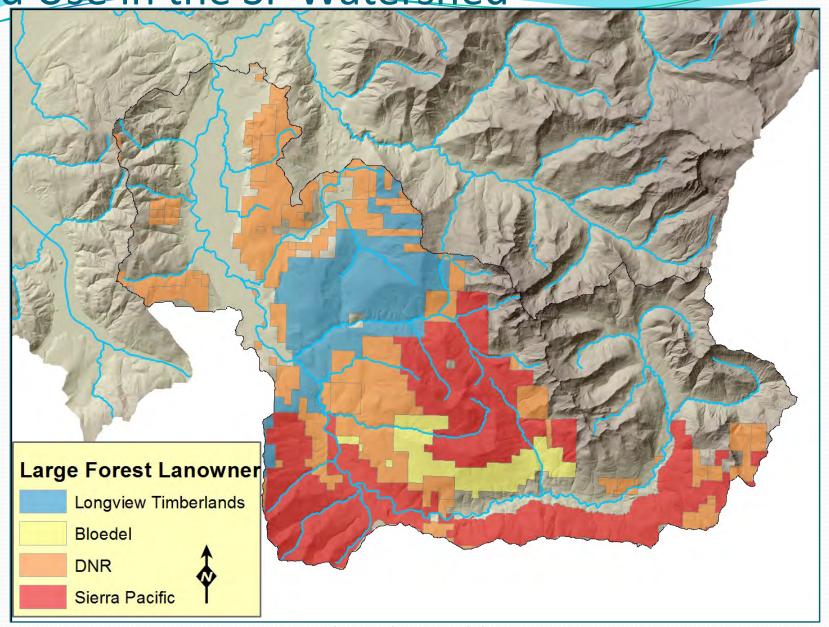


~1880
WRIA 1 Climate Change Workshop

Land Use Regs



Land Use in the SF Watershed



Instream Flows

- Process
 - Technical work completed by USU
 - Preliminary technical instream flow recommendations
 - Instream flow selection and adoption plan adopted
 - Instream flow negotiations...
- Desired outcome
 - Target flows
 - Management strategies
 - Formal settlement agreement, consent decree, adjudication

	Category	Temperature increase	Base flow decrease	Peak flow increase	Increase resilience
\Rightarrow	Barrier removal	Y	Y	N	Y
>	Floodplain reconnection	Y	N	Y	Y
->	Vertical connectivity	Y	Y	Y	Y
\Rightarrow	Stream flow regimes	Y	Y	N	Y/N
=	Sediment reduction	N	N	N	N
-	Riparian restoration	Y	N/Y	N	N
-	Instream rehabilitation	Y/N	N	N	N
	Nutrient enrichment	N	N	N	N